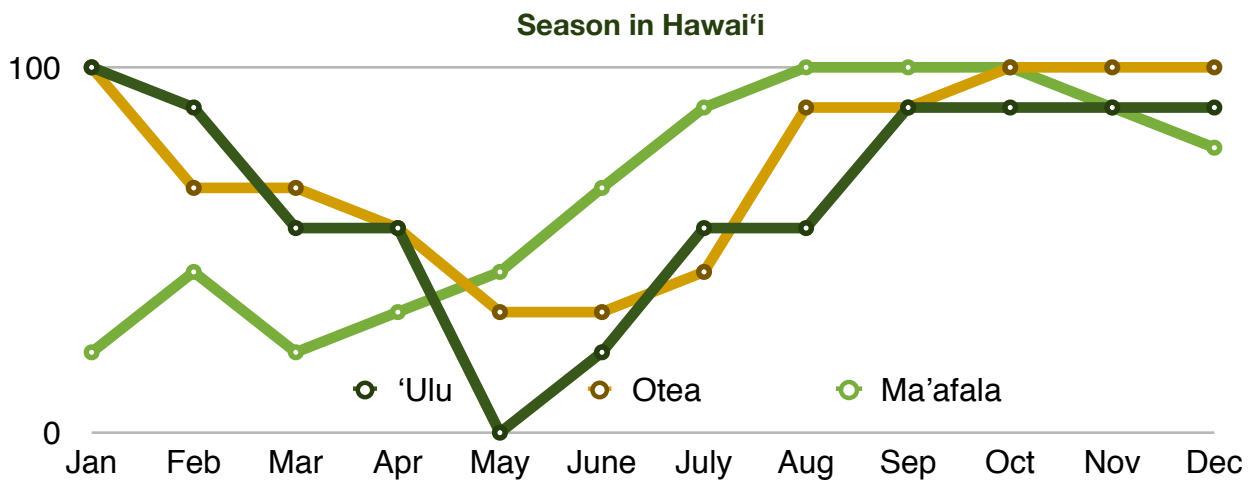


OTEA

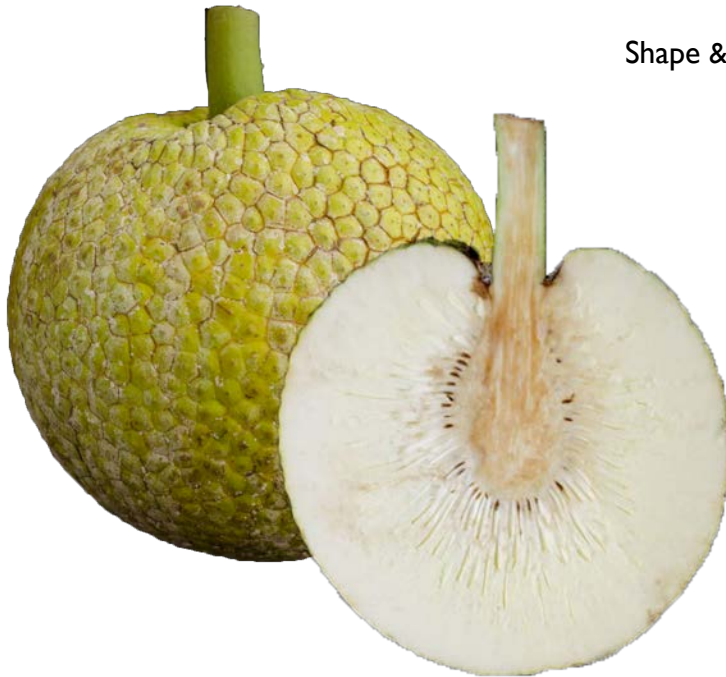
This outstanding Tahitian breadfruit variety produces an abundance of large, delicious fruit. Otea is a fast-growing tree that tends to have the same growth habit as the Hawaiian 'ulu and other Tahitian varieties. Micropropagated trees can begin bearing fruit in 2-1/2 to 3 years.



Average seasonality profile of Otea, Hawaiian 'Ulu and Ma'afala.



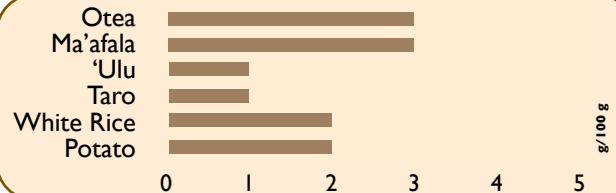
OTEA



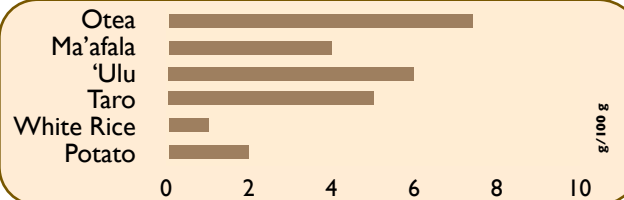
Weight 3.2 - 5.5 lbs (1.42-2.5 kg)
4.1 lbs (1.84 kg) average

Shape & Size Oval to Round; 5.5 -7.5" long x 6-6.5" wide,
6 x 6" avg

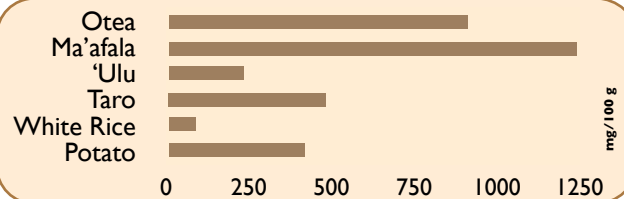
Protein



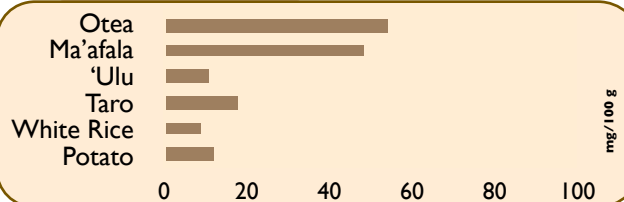
Fiber



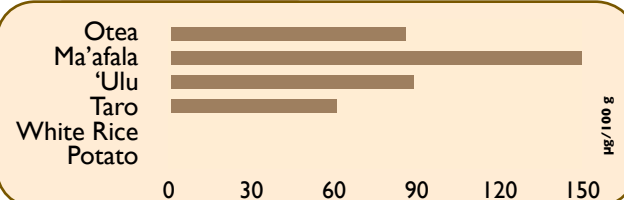
Potassium



Calcium



Carotenoids



Otea is the quintessential Polynesian breadfruit. It is an abundant producer and can produce 200, or more, delicious, nutritious fruit per year. It has a large round to oval fruit. The creamy to pale yellow flesh is always seedless. It is solid and dense with a firm, yet creamy texture when cooked.

Breadfruit is a starchy energy-rich carbohydrate food and is also gluten free. Otea is a good source of fiber and rich in minerals such as potassium, magnesium, and calcium. It also provides niacin, thiamin, and riboflavin (B vitamins), Vitamin C, and Vitamin-A producing carotenoids.

This variety may be able to withstand more salty soils and growing conditions than other varieties.



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